

STUCCO VETRORESINA comp.A

Revision nr. 2

Dated 11/05/2023

Printed on 30/11/2023

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Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 08/01/2021)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name

STUCCO VETRORESINA comp.A

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Polyester resin based on styrene; two-component putty, reinforced with glass fiber, for boats, caravans .

Professional uses [PW] - Adhesive/sealant.

PROC19 - Building and construction in general. Putty for repairing fiberglass products.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

N.P.T. S.R.L. Full address via Guido Rossa 2

District and Country 40053 Valsamoggia - Loc. Crespellano (BO)

Tel. +39 051 969109 Fax +39 051 969837

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet infoSDS@nptsrl.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

Please contact your near local poison control center Please contact your near local

poison control center

Laboratories and manufactory plant - Villanova d'Ardenghi (PV)

+39 0382 400140 (avaiable from Monday to Friday, only in the following office hours: 8.30-12.30, 13.30-17.00). Laboratories and factory Valsamoggia (BO) +39 051969068

(8.30-13; 14-17.30), from Monday to Thursday

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Reproductive toxicity, category 2 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated H372

exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Skin sensitization, category 1A H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

NPT YES B

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2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:







Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P370+P378 In case of fire: use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

Contains: STYRENE

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

Bodyfiller / stopper.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition : 246,96 Limit value: 250,00

PROFESSIONAL USE (Consumer use NOT RECOMMENDED)

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:



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Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

STYRENE

INDEX 601-026-00-0 18,5 ≤ x < 20 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Repr. 2 H361d, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 1 H372,

Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP

Regulation: D

EC 202-851-5 LC50 Inhalation vapours: 11,8 mg/l/4h

CAS 100-42-5

REACH Reg. 01-2119457861-32 **1,1'-(p-tolylimino)dipropan-2-ol**

INDEX - 0,45 ≤ x < 0,5 Acute Tox. 2 H300, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 254-075-1 LD50 Oral: >25 mg/kg

CAS 38668-48-3

EC 203-571-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119980937-17

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

INDEX 607-096-00-9 0,001 ≤ x < 0,05 Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 1 H372, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1

H318, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1A H317, EUH071

Skin Sens. 1A H317: ≥ 0,001%

CAS 108-31-6 LD50 Oral: 1090 mg/kg

REACH Reg. 01-2119472428-31

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Styrene: Symptoms of poisoning appear only after many hours (See section 11).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.



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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany):

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7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари
CZE	Česká Republika	2020r.) Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe. Mitteilung 56
DNK	Danmark	Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
FIN	Suomi	HTP-VÄRDEN 2020. Koncentrationer som befunnits skadliga. SOCIAL - OCH HÄLSOVÅRDSMINISTERIETS PUBLIKATIONER 2020:25
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ ``σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία``»
HUN	Magyarország	μεταλλαξήνονους παραγοντές κατά την εργάσια » Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NOR	Norge	Forskrift om endring i forskrift om tiltaksverdier og grenseverdier for fysiske og kjemiske faktorer i arbeidsmiljøet samt smitterisikogrupper for biologiske faktorer (forskrift om tiltaks- og grenseverdier), 21. august 2018 nr. 1255
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea si completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
SWE	Sverige	Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS 2018:1)
SVK	Slovensko	NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénnym a mutagénnym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu (Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)
GBR	United Kingdom TLV-ACGIH	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) ACGIH 2022

STYRENE Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	85		215			
TLV	CZE	1000		400		SKIN	
AGW	DEU	86	20	172	40		
MAK	DEU	86	20	172	40		
TLV	DNK	105	25			SKIN	
VLA	ESP	86	20	172	40		



Skin

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406 mg/kg bw/d

VLEP	FRA	215	50					
HTP	FIN	86	20	430	100			
TLV	GRC	425	100	1050	250			
AK	HUN	50		50				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	430	100	1080	250			
VLEP	ITA	85	20	170	40			
TLV	NOR	105	25					
TGG	NLD	107						
NDS/NDSCh	POL	50		200				
NGV/KGV	SWE	43	10	86	20	SKIN		
NPEL	SVK	86	20	172				
MV	SVN	86	20					
WEL	GBR	430	100	1080	250			
TLV-ACGIH		85	20	170	40			
Predicted no-effect concentration	on - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,028	mg	g/l		
Normal value in marine water				0,0028	mg	g/l		
Normal value for fresh water se	diment			0,614	mg	g/kg		
Normal value for marine water s	sediment			0,0614	mg	g/kg		
Normal value for water, intermit	tent release			0,04	mg	g/l		
Normal value of STP microorganisms			5	mg	g/l			
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment			0,2	mg	g/kg			
Health - Derived no-effect		MEL						
	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				2,1 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	182,75 mg/m3	174,25 mg/m3		10,2 mg/m3	306 mg/m3	289 mg/m3		85 mg/m3

Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	1					
TLV	CZE	1	0,245	2	0,49		
AGW	DEU	0,081	0,02	0,081 (C)	0,02 (C)		
MAK	DEU	0,081	0,02	0,081 (C)	0,02 (C)		C = 0,20 mg/m3
TLV	DNK	0,4	0,1				
VLA	ESP	0,4	0,1				
VLEP	FRA			1			
HTP	FIN	0,41	0,1	0,81 (C)	0,2 (C)		
TLV	GRC	1					

343 mg/kg bw/d

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AK	HUN	0,08		0,08				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0,41	0,1	0,8	0,2	INHAL		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0,41	0,1	0,8	0,2	SKIN		
ΓLV	NOR	0,8	0,2					
NDS/NDSCh	POL	0,5		1		SKIN		
ΓLV	ROU	1	0,25	3	0,75			
NGV/KGV	SWE	0,2	0,05	0,4	0,1			
NPEL	SVK	0,41	0,1					
MV	SVN	0,41	0,1	0,41	0,1			
WEL	GBR	1		3				
TLV-ACGIH		0,01	0,0025			INHAL		
Predicted no-effect concentration	tion - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,038	mg	/I		
Normal value in marine water				0,004	mg	/I		
Normal value for fresh water s	sediment			0,296	mg	/kg/d		
Normal value for marine wate	r sediment			0,03	mg	/kg/d		
Normal value of STP microorg	ganisms			4,46	mg	/I		
Normal value for the terrestria	l compartment			0,037	mg	/kg/d		
Health - Derived no-effect	Effects on consumers Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
	Acute local		Chilonic local	systemic	Acute local	systemic	Chionic local	systemic
Oral		0,1 mg/kg bw/d		0,06 mg/kg bw/d				
nhalation Skin	0,08	0,08 0,1 mg/kg bw/d	0,08 mg/m3	0,05 mg/m3 0,1 mg/kg	0,2 mg/m3	0,2 mg/m3 0,2 mg/kg	0,081 mg/m3	0,081 mg/m 0,2 mg/kg
SKIII		o, i mg/kg bw/d		bw/d		bw/d		bw/d
1 11 /n tabilimina)dinyan	an 2 al							
1,1'-(p-tolylimino)diproperedicted no-effect concentration	an-2-01 tion - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,017	mg	<u>/</u> I		
Normal value in marine water				0,0017	mg			
Normal value for fresh water s	sediment			0,163		/kg/d		
Normal value for marine wate	r sediment			0,0163		/kg/d		
Normal value for water, interm	nittent release			0,17	mg			
Normal value of STP microorg				0,199	mg			
Normal value for the terrestria				0,0226		/kg/d		
Health - Derived no-effec	ct level - DNEL / D Effects on	DMEL		-,	Effects on	J		
	consumers Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	workers Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
Route of exposure		riodio systemio	Jilionio local	systemic	7 touto local	systemic	Omorno rocal	systemic
				O OF//				
				0,25 mg/kg bw/d				
Route of exposure Oral Inhalation								2,47 mg/m3

Legend:
(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.



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STYRENE

- Professional biological limit values (IBE Italy)

0.2 mg/l blood - end of shift

400 mg/g creatinine urine - end of shift

Biological indicator: mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect your hands with Category III work gloves (ref. Standard EN 374). For the final choice of the material of the work gloves, the type of use must be assessed. Use floral rubber gloves (thickness> 0.7mm, breakthrough time> 480 min.) Or 5-layer laminate in PE and EVOH (thickness> 0.062; breakthrough time> 480min). Contaminated gloves should be removed.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	pasty	
Colour	ivorv	

NPT VE

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Odour characteristic (Styrene)

Odour threshold 0,002-20

Melting point / freezing point -30,6 °C

Initial boiling point 145 °C

Flammability flammable liquid

Lower explosive limit

Upper explosive limit

6,1 % (v/v)

Flash point

32 °C

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

1,1 % (v/v)

6,1 % (v/v)

490 °C

not applicable

H not available

Kinematic viscosity > 20,5 mm2

Dynamic viscosity 130000 mPa*s

Solubility immiscible with water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,96 Vapour pressure 6,7 hPa

Density and/or relative density 1,7 -1,9 g/cm3
Relative vapour density 3,6 (aria=1)
Particle characteristics not applicable

Substance:STYRENE Substance:STYRENE

Substance:STYRENE Substance:STYRENE Substance:STYRENE Substance:STYRENE

Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is

non-soluble (in water) Temperature: 40 °C Temperature: 23 °C

Substance: STYRENE Concentration: 20 % Substance: STYRENE

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC): 13,72 % - 246,96 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

STYRENE

Polymerises at temperatures above 65°C/149°F.Fire hazard.Possibility of explosion. Added with an inhibitor that requires a small amount of dissolved oxygen at temperatures < 25°C/77°F.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

NPT ...

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STYRENE

May react dangerously with: peroxides,strong acids.May polymerise on contact with: aluminium trichloride,azobisisobutyronitrile,dibenzoyl peroxide,sodium.Risk of explosion on contact with: butyllithium,chlorosulphuric acid,diterbutyl peroxide,oxidising substances,oxygen.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

STYRENE

Avoid contact with: oxidising substances, copper, strong acids.

10.5. Incompatible materials

STYRENE

Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

STYRENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

STYRENE

The acute toxicity by inhalation at 1000 ppm affects the central nervous system with headache and dizziness, lack of coordination; irritation of the eye and respiratory tract mucous membranes occurs at 500 ppm. Chronic exposure causes depression of the central and peripheral nervous system with loss of memory, headache and drowsiness starting at 20 ppm; digestive disorders with nausea and loss of appetite; irritation of the respiratory tract with chronic bronchitis; dermatosis. Repeated exposure, at low doses of inhaled substance, causes irreversible changes to hearing and may cause changes in colour vision. No certain data is available on the reversibility of the visual impairment. Repeated skin exposure causes irritation. The substance degreases the skin, which can cause dryness and cracking.

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Interactive effects

STYRENE
The metabolism of the substance is inhibited by ethanol. When styrene is photo-oxidised with ozone and nitrogen dioxide, as in the formation of smog, products highly irritating for the human eye may ensue.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l

ATE (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

STYRENE

> 2000 mg/kg Rat 5000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 11,8 mg/l/4h Rat

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

LD50 (Dermal): 2620 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Oral): 1090 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 4,35 mg/l/1h Rat

1,1'-(p-tolylimino)dipropan-2-ol

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral): > 25 mg/kg Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class



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CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STYRENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2002). Classified as "probable carcinogen" by the US National Toxicology Program (NTP) - (US DHHS, 2014).

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging the unborn child

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Causes damage to organs

Target organs

Causes damage to hearing organs.

Route of exposure

Inhalation exposure.

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: > 20,5 mm2

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

NPT ...

N.P.T. S.R.L.

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SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

STYRENE

LC50 - for Fish 4,02 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas

EC50 - for Crustacea 4,7 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 4,9 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum
Chronic NOEC for Fish 4 mg/l 96 h - Pimephales promelas
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 1,01 mg/l 21 d - Daphnia magna

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

 LC50 - for Fish
 75 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 42,81 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 74,35 mg/l/72h

 Chronic NOEC for Crustacea
 10 mg/l 56 d

1,1'-(p-tolylimino)dipropan-2-ol

 LC50 - for Fish
 > 17 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 28 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 245 mg/l/72h

 EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 57,8 mg/l/72h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

STYRENE

- Photodegradation (Half-life, DT50)

Biodegradability / 10 d - 68% (ISO DIS 9408)

STYRENE

Solubility in water 320 mg/l

Rapidly degradable MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Entirely degradable

1,1'-(p-tolylimino)dipropan-2-ol

Entirely degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

STYRENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,96 BCF 74

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -2,78



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1,1'-(p-tolylimino)dipropan-2-ol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,1

12.4. Mobility in soil

STYRENE

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2,55

1,1'-(p-tolylimino)dipropan-2-ol

Partition coefficient: soil/water 60 l/kg

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

The correct disposal code (determined by the waste generation method) cannot be specified by the manufacturer in the case of products used in various sectors.

CER code (recommended): 08 04 09.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1866

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: RESIN SOLUTION IMDG: RESIN SOLUTION IATA: RESIN SOLUTION



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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Label: 3 Class: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

Ш ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Tunnel restriction Quantities: 5

Special provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5

Maximum

Cargo: quantity: 220

Passengers: Maximum

quantity: 60 L

instructions:

code: (D/E)

Packaging instructions:

Packaging

366

355

Special provision: АЗ

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

IATA:

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

NPT ...

N.P.T. S.R.L.

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Contained substance

Point

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

75

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Bodyfiller / stopper.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 2: Hazard to waters

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following contained substances: Styrene.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3

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Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2

Acute Tox. 2 Acute toxicity, category 2 Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1 Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Resp. Sens. 1 Respiratory sensitization, category 1 Skin Sens. 1A Skin sensitization, category 1A

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H300 Fatal if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value

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TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.

- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP) 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
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- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition

 Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes have been made to the following sections:

01 / 02 / 03 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 15 / 16.