

## **SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 1/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

## SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name

SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use Spray for fresh foam removal, solvent - based "Aerosol".

Consumer uses [C], Professional uses [PW] - Cleaning and maintenance products.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name N.P.T. S.R.L. A SOCIO UNICO

Full address via Guido Rossa 2

District and Country 40053 Valsamoggia - Loc. Crespellano (BO)

Italia

Tel. +39 051 969109 Fax +39 051 969837

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet infoSDS@nptsrl.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Please contact your near local poison control center

Laboratories and manufactory plant - Villanova d'Ardenghi (PV)

+39 0382 400140 (avaiable from Monday to Friday, only in the following office hours: 8.30-12.30, 13.30-17.00). Laboratories and manufactory plant VALSAMOGGIA (BO) +39

051969068 office hours (8.30-13; 14-17.30), from Monday to Thursday

## **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Aerosol, category 1 H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## 2.2. Label elements

# SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 2/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:





Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

**H222** Extremely flammable aerosol.

**H229** Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.

**P501** Dispose of contents / container according to local regulation.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

**P211** Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**P280** Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Contains: ACETONE

## 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration  $\geq$  0.1%.

## **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

**ACETONE** 

INDEX 606-001-00-8  $70 \le x < 74$  Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 200-662-2 CAS 67-64-1

REACH Reg. 01-2119471330-49

**PROPANE** 

INDEX 601-003-00-5  $18 \le x < 19.5$  Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas H280, Classification note according to Annex

VI to the CLP Regulation: U



## **SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 3/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

EC 200-827-9 CAS 74-98-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119486944-21

**BUTANE** 

INDEX 601-004-00-0

 $9 \le x < 10,5$ 

Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas H280, Classification note according to Annex

VI to the CLP Regulation: C, U

EC 203-448-7

CAS 106-97-8

REACH Reg. 01-2119474691-32

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants.

Percentage of propellants: 28,00 %

## **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITĂBLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Avoid using direct jets of water

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

## HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

# NPT . SY R W J R W

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## **SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 4/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

## GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

## **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.

Maximum TEMPERATURE: 30 °C minimum TEMPERATURE: 5 °C

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany): 2B

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

## **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

Ελλάδα

Hrvatska

Norae

Polska

Slovenija

BGR

GRC

HUN

HRV

ITA NOR

POL

SVK

SVN

**GBR** 

EU

## N.P.T. S.R.L.

## **SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 5/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ България

СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари

2020г.)

CZF Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se Česká Republika

stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. DEU Deutschland

MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher

Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56

DNK Danmark Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019 ESP

Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021 España

FRA France Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS FIN Suomi

HTP-VÄRDEN 2020. Koncentrationer som befunnits skadliga. SOCIAL - OCH HÄLSOVÅRDSMINISTERIETS PUBLIKATIONER 2020:25

Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ ``σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή

μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία``»

Magyarország Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők

hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről

Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na radu,

graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)

Italia Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81

Forskrift om endring i forskrift om tiltaksverdier og grenseverdier for fysiske og kjemiske faktorer i

arbeidsmiljøet samt smitterisikogrupper for biologiske faktorer (forskrift om tiltaks- og grenseverdier), 21.

august 2018 nr. 1255

NLD Nederland Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste

lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit

Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie

w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w

środowisku pracy

SWE Sverige Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS

NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovensko

Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s

expozíciou karcinogénnym a mutagénnym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu (Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 –

ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) United Kingdom **OEL EU** 

Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983;

Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive

2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

TI V-ACGIH **ACGIH 2022** 

ACETONE Threshold Limit Val	lue						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	600		1400			
TLV	CZE	800		1500			
AGW	DEU	1200	500	2400	1000		
MAK	DEU	1200	500	2400	1000		
TLV	DNK	600	250				
VLA	ESP	1210	500				
VLEP	FRA	1210	500	2420	1000		
НТР	FIN	1200	500	1500	630		
TLV	GRC	1780		3560			
AK	HUN	1210		2420			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	1210	500				
VLEP	ITA	1210	500				
TLV	NOR	295	125				



## **SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 6/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

TGG	NLD	1210		2420		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	600		1800		
NGV/KGV	SWE	600	250	1200	500	
NPEL	SVK	1210	500	2420		
MV	SVN	1210	500			
WEL	GBR	1210	500	3620	1500	
OEL	EU	1210	500			
TLV-ACGIH		1187	500	1781	750	A4,IBE
Predicted no-effect conc	entration - PNEC					
Normal value in fresh wa	ater			10,6	mg/l	
Normal value in marine v	water			1,06	mg/l	
Normal value for fresh w	ater sediment			30,4	mg/kg	
Normal value for marine	water sediment			3,04	mg/kg	
Normal value for water, i	ntermittent release			21	mg/l	
Normal value of STP mid	croorganisms			100	mg/l	
Normal value for the terr	estrial compartment			33,3	mg/kg	
Health - Derived no-		/ DMEL			Effects on	
Effects on						

workers

Acute local

2420 mg/m3

Acute

systemic

Chronic local

Chronic

1210

systemic

mg/m3/8h

186 mg/kg/d

Chronic

systemic

62 mg/kg 200 mg/m3

62 mg/kg

## Legend:

Oral

Skin

Inhalation

Route of exposure

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

Acute systemic Chronic local

## 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

consumers

Acute local

## HAND PROTECTION

Low linear polyethylene density (LLPDE), Time of penetration: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062mm.

## SKIN PROTECTION

Wear Protective clothing category I. Antistatic and chemical resistant safety shoes category II (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

## EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective Category II glasses (see standard EN 166).

## RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

## SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023
Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 7/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

## ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Remark:(propellente/propellant)

Remark:propellente/propellant

mixture)

Temperature: 20 °C

Temperature: 50 °C

Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic (eg: an organic solvent

## **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Value Information

Appearance liquid (pressurized)

Colour colourless

Odour characteristic of solvent

Melting point / freezing point not available

Initial boiling point -12 °C Flammability flammable gas

Lower explosive limit not determined

Upper explosive limit not determined

Flash point -41 °C
Auto-ignition temperature 460 °C

Decomposition temperature not available

be the composition temperature available not available

Kinematic viscosity 0,41 cSt Solubility parzialmente miscibile in

acqua

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available

-artifion coefficient. If-octation/water not available

Vapour pressure 300 kPa
Density and/or relative density 716 g/dm3

Relative vapour density not available

Relative vapour density not available
Particle characteristics not applicable

## 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU) 100,00 % - 716,00

a/litre

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

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## **SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 8/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

#### **ACETONE**

: decomposes due to heat.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

## ACETONE

: risk of explosion on contact with: bromine trifluoride, difluoride dioxide, hydrogen peroxide, nitrosyl chloride, 2-methyl-1,3-butadiene, nitromethane, nitrosyl perchlorate. May react dangerously with: potassium tert-butoxide, alkaline hydroxides, bromine, bromoform, isoprene, sodium, sulfur dioxide, chromium trioxide, chromyl chloride, nitric acid, chloroform, peroxymonosulfuric acid, phosphorus oxychloride, chromosulfuric acid, fluorine, strong oxidizing agents. Develops flammable gases with nitrosyl perchlorate.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid alkalis or strong bases, oxidizing materials, strong acids.

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

## ACETONE

: acid and oxidizing substances.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

## ACETONE

: ketenes and other irritating compounds.

## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There is no experimental data on the product as such related to toxicological properties.

## ACETONE

INHALATION: vapors may cause moderate irritation of the upper respiratory tract and dizziness. INGESTION: can cause health problems, with serious consequences at high doses (>20-50ml), which include abdominal pain with burning, nausea, vomiting, gastro-intestinal disorders, narcosis.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

# NPT STERM

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## **SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 9/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

## ACETONE

Inhaling vapors can cause headaches, drowsiness and dizziness. Frequent and prolonged contact causes irritation and degreasing of the skin.

## Interactive effects

Information not available

## **ACUTE TOXICITY**

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

## BUTANE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 2000 mg/kg

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 2000 mg/kg

 LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):
 658 mg/l/4 h ratto

## PROPANE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 2000 mg/kg

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 2000 mg/kg

 LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):
 > 5 mg/l/4 h

## ACETONE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 7400 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 5800 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 76 mg/l/4h Rat

## SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## ACETONE

-Moderate irritating action, with repeated contacts possibility of dermatitis.



## **SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 10/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

## SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

#### ACETONE

- Contact with eyes causes irritation; Symptoms may include: redness, edema, pain and tearing.

## RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## ACETONE

-One-generation reproductive toxicity assay:

NOAEL(C) 4858 mg/kg bw/day (Rat).

## STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Exposure to high concentrations can cause depression of the central nervous system, causing headaches, nausea, dizziness, vomiting, confusion and, in severe cases, loss of consciousness.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

## STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Skin - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.

## ACETONE

-NOAEL(Oral) 900 mg/kg - Ratto (male, 13 week) - OECD 408.

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## N.P.T. S.R.L.

## **SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 11/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

## ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

## **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

## 12.1. Toxicity

**ACETONE** 

LC50 - for Fish 8120 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas

EC50 - for Crustacea 8800 mg/l/48h Dapnhia pulex
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 2212 mg/l Daphnia magna (28d)
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 3400 mg/l Chlorella pyrenoidosa (48h)

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**ACETONE** 

Rapidly degradable

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**BUTANE** 

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,89 mg/l

BCF 33

**PROPANE** 

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,86 BCF 13

ACETONE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,25 - BCF 3 -

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

BUTANE - Volatility (Henry) =  $9,626E + 4 Pa \cdot m^3/mol$ ; Surface tension = 1,187E - 2 N/m (25 °C) PROPANE

- Volatility (Henry) = 7,164E + 4 Pa·m³/mol; Surface tension = 7,02E-3 N/m (25 °C)



## SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 12/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

**BUTANE** 

Partition coefficient: soil/water 900

**PROPANE** 

Partition coefficient: soil/water 460

**ACETONE** 

Partition coefficient: soil/water 1,5 l/kg High mobility-quick evaporation.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

The valid EEC waste code are largely source-related; the manifacturer is, therefore, unable to specify easte codeds for products used in various sectors. CER-code (suggested): 16 05 04.

Regulation (EU) 1357/2014: HP3 Flammable, HP4 Irritant, HP5 Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) / Toxicity in case of aspiration.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information**

## 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1950

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: AEROSOLS
IMDG: AEROSOLS
IATA: AEROSOLS

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)



## **SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023 Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 13/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

ADR / RID:

Class: 2

Label: 2.1

IMDG:

Class: 2

Label: 2.1

IATA:

Class: 2

Label: 2.1



## 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:

NO

IMDG: IATA:

NO NO

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:

HIN - Kemler: --

Limited Quantities: 1

Tunnel restriction code: (D)

Special provision: 190, 327, 625

IMDG:

IATA:

EMS: F-D, S-U

Passengers:

Special provision:

Limited Quantities: 1

Cargo:

Maximum quantity: 150

instructions:

Kg Maximum

203 Packaging

quantity: 75

instructions: 203

Packaging

Kg A145, A167,

A802

40

Information not relevant

## **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P3a

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point

Contained substance

# NPT SYNES

## N.P.T. S.R.L.

## SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023 Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 14/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Regulated explosives precursor

The acquisition, introduction, possession or use of that regulated explosives precursor by members of the general public is subject to reporting obligations as set out in Article 9.

All suspicious transactions and significant disappearances and thefts must be reported to the relevant national contact point.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 1: Low hazard to waters

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation.

## **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Gas 1A Flammable gas, category 1A

Aerosol 1 Aerosol, category 1
Aerosol, category 3

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2

## **SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 15/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

Press. Gas Pressurised gas

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

H220 Extremely flammable gas. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

## GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
   Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)

## **SCIOGLISCHIUMA MATIC**

Revision nr. 2

Dated 15/12/2023

Printed on 15/12/2023

Page n. 16/16

Replaced revision:1 (Printed on: 05/07/2022)

15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP) 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)

17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148

18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)

19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP) 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)

21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)

22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition

Handling Chemical Safety

INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)

Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology

N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition

IFA GESTIS website

ECHA website

Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

## Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

## CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

## Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 15.